

# **BASIC PLANT AND ANIMAL BREEDING (PBS 302): 3 UNITS**

**COORDINATED BY PROF. D. K. OJO**

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## **FIRST AND SECOND WEEKS (LECTURES 1 AND 2)**

- Character inheritance in plants and animals
- Changes in gene and gene structure
- Mutations, lethal traits and examples, pedigree analysis

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## **THIRD WEEK (LECTURES 3 AND 4)**

- Cell and basic components of cell
- Cell cycle and Cell division (Mitosis and Meiosis)
- Major differences between mitosis and meiosis and the significance of the two methods
- Gametogenesis (Spermatogenesis in male and Oogenesis in female)

## **FOURTH WEEK (LECTURES 5 AND 6)**

- Alleles or allelomorphs (including simple and multiple alleles)
- Symbols for alleles, Allelic relationships and common examples
- Multiple allelism with special emphasises on coat colours in rabbit and the ABO blood type in humans
- Blood types, types acceptable for transfusion, determination of individual blood groups
- Medico-legal aspects of the ABO series including disputed parentage

## **FIFTH WEEK (LECTURES 7 AND 8)**

- Genetics of sex (autosomes and sex chromosomes)
- Classification of sex chromosomes in diploid organisms
- Sex differentiation and determination
- Sex ratio and assessment of sex ratio
- Intersexes (Meaning, super-females and meta-males, etc)

- Two common sex chromosome anomalies in humans (Klinefelter and Turner syndromes and their characteristics)
- Holandric genes, sex-linked or x-linked genes, sex-linked lethal, sex-limited genes, sex-influenced genes, examples of each.

**Prof. D. K. OJO, Mr. A. O. Oduwaye & MR. E. O. IDEHEN**

## **LECTURE 9**

- Definitions of Plant and Animal Breeding
  - Introduction
  - Hybridization: Inbreeding and outcrossing
  - Hybrid and hybrid vigor
  - Pureline
  - Inbred line
  - Manifestation of heterosis
  - Consequences of inbreeding
  - Selection and selection methods: Mass & Pureline selection
- Genetic basis of breeding in plants and animals
- Concept of heritability and genetic gain

## **LECTURE 10**

- Methods of reproduction in plants
- Features that dictate mode of pollination in plants

### **Cross-Pollinating Crops**

- \* Main selection
- \* Recurrent selection
- \* Reciprocal recurrent selection
- \* Hybrid/Synthetic varieties
- \* Meaning of protogamy
- \* Self-incompatibility
- \* Male sterility
- \* Floral devices
- \* Monoecy
- \* Dioecy

## **LECTURE 11**

### **Self-pollinating crops**

- \* Meaning of Autogamy

- \* Pureline breeding
- \* Bulk-population breeding
- \* Pedigree breeding
- \* Backcross breeding
- \* Cleistogamy
- \* Apomixis
- \* Parthenocarpy

## **LECTURE 12**

- Breeding Methods in Plants
  - (a) Conventional: Plant introduction, Hybridization and selection
  - (b) Non-conventional: Mutation, Tissue culture and Genetic engineering
- Polyploid, Aneuploids, Euploids in Plant Breeding

## **LECTURE 13**

- Concept of Disease and Insect Resistance
  - Horizontal Resistance
  - Vertical Resistance
  - Tolerance
  - Hypersensitivity
  - Immunity

## **LECTURE 14**

- Breeding Methods that can incorporate resistance in crop plants
  - Backcross breeding
  - Pedigree breeding
  - Genetic basis of backcross breeding
  - Advantages/Disadvantages of both

## **LECTURE 15**

- Revision class
- CAT